Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application.

- 1. (currently amended) A method of diagnosing or prognosticating Alzheimer's disease a neurodegenerative disease in a subject, or determining whether a subject is at increased risk of developing said disease, comprising determining a level and/or an activity of
 - (i) a transcription product of a gene coding for SGPL1, and/or
 - (ii) a translation product of a gene coding for SGPL1, and/or
 - (iii) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of said transcription or translation product,

in a sample obtained from said subject and comparing said level and/or said activity to a reference value representing a known disease or health status, thereby diagnosing or prognosticating said neurodegenerative disease in said subject, or determining whether said subject is at increased risk of developing said neurodegenerative disease.

- 2. (currently amended) A kit for diagnosing or prognosticating Alzheimer's disease a neurodegenerative disease in a subject, or determining the propensity or predisposition of a subject to develop such a disease, said kit comprising:
 - [[(a)]] at least one reagent which is selected from the group consisting of
 - (i) reagents that selectively detect a transcription product of a gene coding for SGPL1 and

(ii) reagents that selectively detect a translation product of a gene coding for SGPL1;

whereby the diagnosis or prognosis or determination of the propensity or predisposition to develop Alzheimer's disease said neurodegenerative disease is determined by the steps of

[[(i)]] (a) detecting in a sample obtained from said subject a level, or an activity, or both said level and said activity of a transcription product and/or of a translation product of a gene coding for SGPL1, and

[[(ii)]] (b) comparing said level or activity, or both said level and said activity of a transcription product and/or of a translation product of a gene coding for SGPL1 to a reference value representing a known health status and/or to a reference value representing a known disease status, and said level, or activity, or both said level and said activity, of said transcription product and/or said translation product is varied compared to a reference value representing a known health status, and/or is similar or equal to a reference value representing a known disease status.

- 3. (currently amended) A modulator of an activity and/or of a level of at least one substance which is selected from the group consisting of
 - (i) a gene coding for SGPL1, and/or
 - (ii) a transcription product of a gene coding forSGPL1, and/or
 - (iii) a translation product of a gene coding for SGPL1, and/or and
 - (iv) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of (i) to (iii).

- 4. (currently amended) A recombinant, genetically altered non-human animal comprising a nonnative gene sequence coding for SGPL1 or a fragment, or a derivative, or a variant thereof, said animal being obtainable by:
 - (i) providing a gene targeting construct comprising said gene sequence and a selectable marker sequence, and
 - (ii) introducing said targeting construct into a stem cell of a non-human animal, and
 - (iii) introducing said non-human animal stem cell into a non-human embryo, and
 - (iv) transplanting said embryo into a pseudopregnant non-human animal, and
 - (v) allowing said embryo to develop to term, and
 - (vi) identifying a genetically altered non-human animal whose genome comprises a modification of said gene sequence in both alleles, and
 - (vii) breeding the genetically altered non-human animal of step (vi) to obtain a genetically altered non-human animal whose genome comprises a modification of said endogenous gene, wherein said disruption results in said non-human animal exhibiting a predisposition to developing symptoms of a neurodegenerative disease or related diseases or disorders[[,]] preferably symptoms similar to Alzheimer's disease.
- 5. (currently amended) Use—of A method of developing diagnostics and therapeutics to treat neurodegenerative diseases, comprising screening, testing, or validating compounds, agents, and modulators using the recombinant, genetically altered non-human animal according to claim 4 for screening, testing, and validating compounds, agents, and modulators in the development of diagnostics

and therapeuties to treat neurodegenerative diseases, in particular Alzheimer's disease.

- 6. (currently amended) An assay A method for screening for a modulator of neurodegenerative diseases, in particular Alzheimer's disease[[,]] or related diseases or disorders of one or more substances selected from the group consisting of
 - (i) a gene coding for SGPL1, and/or
 - (ii) a transcription product of a gene coding for SGPL1, and/or
 - (iii) a translation product of a gene coding for SGPL1, and/or and
 - (iv) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of (i) to (iii), said method comprising:
 - (a) contacting a cell with a test compound;
 - (b) measuring the activity and/or level of one or more substances recited in (i) to (iv);
 - (c) measuring the activity and/or level of one or more substances recited in (i) to (iv) in a control cell not contacted with said test compound; and
 - (d) comparing the levels and/or activities of the substance in the cells of step(b) and (c), wherein an alteration in the activity and/or level of substances in the contacted cells indicates that the test compound is a modulator of said diseases or disorders.
- 7. (currently amended) A method of screening for a modulator of neurodegenerative diseases, in particular Alzheimer's disease[[,]] or related diseases or disorders of one or more substances selected from the group consisting of

- (i) a gene coding for SGPL1, and/or
- (ii) a transcription product of a gene coding for SGPL1, and/or
- (iii) a translation product of a gene coding for SGPL1, and/or and
- (v) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of (i) to (iii), said method comprising:
- (a) administering a test compound to a non-human test animal which is predisposed to developing or has already developed symptoms of a neurodegenerative disease or related diseases or disorders in respect of the substances recited in (i) to (iv);
- (b) measuring the activity and/or level of one or more substances recited in (i) to (iv);
- (c) measuring the activity and/or level of one or more substances recited in (i) or (iv) in a matched non-human control animal which is predisposed to developing or has already developed symptoms of a neurodegenerative disease or related diseases or disorders in respect to the substances recited in (i) to (iv) and to which animal no such test compound has been administered;
- (d) comparing the activity and/or level of the substance in the animals of step(b) and (c), wherein an alteration in the activity and/or level of substancesin the non-human test animal indicates that the test compound is amodulator of said diseases or disorders.
- 8. (original) The method according to claim 7 wherein said non-human test animal and/or said control animal is a recombinant, genetically altered animal

- 7 -

which expresses the gene coding for SGPL1, or a fragment, or a derivative, or a variant thereof, under the control of a transcriptional control element which is not the native SGPL1 gene transcriptional control element.

- 9. (currently amended) An assay for testing a compound, preferably for screening or a plurality of compounds to determine the degree of binding of said compounds to a SGPL1 translation product, or to a fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof, said assay comprising the steps of:
 - (i) adding a liquid suspension of said SGPL1 translation product, or a fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof, to a plurality of containers;
 - (ii) adding a detectable[[,]] in particular a fluorescently labelled compound or a plurality of fluorescently labelled detectable compounds to be screened for said binding to said plurality of containers;
 - (iii) incubating said SGPL1 translation product, or said fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof, and said detectable[[,]] in particular fluorescently labelled compound or fluorescently labelled compounds;
 - (iv) measuring amounts of preferably-fluorescence detectable compound or compounds associated with said SGPL1 translation product, or with said fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof; and
 - (v) determining the degree of binding by one or more of said compounds to said SGPL1 translation product, or said fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof.
- 10. (currently amended) Use of The method of claim 1, comprising determining a level and/or an activity of a protein molecule of SEQ ID NO. 1, said protein molecule being a translation product of the gene coding for SGPL1, or a

fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof[[,]] as diagnostic target for detecting Alzheimer's disease.

- 11. (currently amended) Use of The method of claim 6, wherein said screening is for a modulator of a protein molecule of SEQ ID NO. 1, said protein molecule being a translation product of the gene coding for SGPL1, or a fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof, wherein said modulator is a reagent or compound for as screening target for reagents or compounds preventing, or treating, or ameliorating Alzheimer's disease.
- (currently amended) Use of A method for detecting the pathological state of a cell in a sample obtained from a subject, comprising immunocytochemical staining of said cell with an antibody specifically immunoreactive with an immunogen, wherein said immunogen is a translation product of a gene coding for SGPL1, SEQ ID NO. 1, or a fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof, for detecting a pathological state of a cell in a sample obtained from a subject, comprising immunocytochemical staining of said cell with said antibody, wherein an altered degree of staining or an altered staining pattern in said cell compared to a cell representing a known health status indicates a pathological state of said cell which relates to a neurodegenerative disease[[,]] preferably to Alzheimer's disease.
- 13. (new) The method of claim 1, wherein said neurodegenerative disease is Alzheimer's disease.
- 14. (new) The kit of claim 2, wherein said neurodegenerative disease is Alzheimer's disease.
- 15. (new) The kit of claim 2, wherein said translation product is a protein molecule of SEQ ID NO. 1, said protein molecule being a translation product of the gene coding for SGPL1, or a fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof.

- 16. (new) The recombinant, genetically altered non-human animal of claim 4, wherein said neurodegenerative disease is Alzheimer's disease.
- 17. (new) The method of claim 6, wherein said neurodegenerative disease is Alzheimer's disease.
- 18. (new) The method of claim 7, wherein said neurodegenerative disease is Alzheimer's disease.
- 19. (new) The method of claim 7, wherein said screening is for a modulator of a protein molecule of SEQ ID NO. 1, said protein molecule being a translation product of the gene coding for SGPL1, or a fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof, wherein said modulator is a reagent or compound for preventing, or treating, or ameliorating Alzheimer's disease.
- 20. (new) The assay of claim 9, wherein said detectable compound is a fluorescently labeled compound.
- 21. (new) The method of claim 12, wherein said neurodegenerative disease is Alzheimer's disease.